

Austin Texas

Oct. 13th 1880

Hon W. C. Walsh
Com G L O

Austin Tex

Sir

In answer to the opinions
of Hon Geo de Curnick Atty
Gen of 10th inst, urging
reasons why you should
decline to issue patents
appearing for by Mrs Gentry &
Mason are surveys made
by virtue of certificates nos
85 to 95 inclusive, issued
to Denison & Pacific R R Co.
we beg respectfully to
call your attention to the
following facts -

It seems that
the Atty Gen predicated his
opinion upon what he
conceives to be the facts
shown, and inferences
deduced in the case of
The State of Texas as defendant
and Summersfield Trust before
Justice Lee in this City in
December last. It would
be well to remark in this

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connection that said case
was criminal in its nature,
the defendants being charged
with the offense of forgery -
and hence under the law
disqualified as witnesses, being
compelled therefore to stand
mute, while the State assailed
the integrity of their official
acts. Notwithstanding this,
you will remember that
~~the trial records in this~~
indication, and as we
believe ^{the testimony of the State} established the validity
and strict accuracy of all
surveys in question.

In answer to the first
general statement of the Atty
Genl. "that file Book A of the
Records of the Salt District,
was not in the office, nor a
recent thereof, until after the
date of the reservation &c etc"
We beg to submit that the
facts proven in the case do
not establish such a conclusion
and that upon the contrary
it was proven by Judge Willson
Mr. West and Mr. Ham - that
said file Book was a record
of said office, and that each
of them had seen its true

as such. There is no direct or positive testimony as to the exact day when it was received there - but having established its character ~~it~~ in the absence of competent testimony impeaching its validity as a record. The law would certainly presume that it had been filed or deposited at the proper time - There was no testimony in the case tending to show that File Book A was not in the office at and before the time the Reservation Act took effect. We ask that in verification of this statement that you refer to the written testimony now on file in your office - There was no testimony in the case to show that the file was made after the reservation went into effect - as stated by the Atty Gen -

There is no evidence in the case that the Certificates were not on file in the Surveyors office - when the Surveys were made - but all of the evidence including the Records and the Certificates themselves clearly establish the course of this statement of the Atty Gen - The

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Our presumption that an official has properly discharged his duty, unless the contrary is proven.

To 1st Special objection:
we submit. The Records of the Dick Surveyor Office of the West Land Dist. ^{show} that an entry and application describing the land to be surveyed, was made in writing - and was properly filed and recorded by the Surveyor in his office - in strict accordance with the statute.

To 2nd Special objection -
The Records of the Surveyor Office show that the Certificates were on file in his office at the time the surveys were made - There is no testimony in the case to the contrary.

To 3^d Special objection -
There is no testimony in the case sustaining or warranting the proposition of the Atty Gen.

To 4th Special objection -
The Certificate of the Surveyor shows

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that the surveys were actually made in the field, as will appear by the field notes on file in your Office. And this Certificate is in no manner contradicted or assailed by any testimony in the case.

To 5th Special objection.

This has already been sufficiently answered.

The Atty Gen having based his opinion solely upon the facts proven in the case of Callaway Hummerfield, and having failed to assign any other reasons why you should not issue the Patent applicant for, it clearly becomes your duty to be guided in the premises by what was actually testified to, and not by inferences or conjectures unwarranted by the testimony. If the premises of the Atty Gen in this matter, from which his conclusions are drawn, are not supported by the testimony in the case, then his conclusions should in our judgment fall with his premises. We therefore respectfully

suggest that the Patents apply
for should be issued by you
for the following reasons, which
appear of record in your office.

1st There was a valid entry and
application in writing duly filed
in the office of the Surveyor, for
the survey of the land in question,
on Sept 30th 1874 - accompanied by the
Certificates by virtue of which
the surveys were made - said
Certificates being genuine and
valid.

2nd The surveys were actually made
in the field within the time
prescribed by law - to wit on
the 7th of Oct 1874. and said
files with duly returns to the
Land Office within twelve months
from the date of survey -
after having been duly recorded
in the office of the Surveyor.

3^d The land surveyed was vacant
and unappropriated at the
time the entry was made -
and application filed - and
therefore subject to location -

The Atty Gen seems to

assume that the surveys were made prior to the date of the entry and application, and the certificate subsequently applied thereto - a proposition which we do not admit, but expressly deny - Has such been the fact, in our opinion the surveys would have been valid - as it is a well known historical fact, that such has been the custom of surveyors in this state for many years, and in fact has obtained almost exclusively - The validity of this character of surveys is expressly recognized in the case of Jones vs Burgett 46th Tex Rep, page 292 - 293.

The Revised Statutes certainly contain nothing that militates with, or is calculated to break down this reasonable and well established custom - It was simply the intention of the Legislature to require bona fide surveys - and not to deprive a party of the recognized right to apply a certificate to a genuine survey previously made. There would be no

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reason in requiring a resurvey,
as it could not possibly aid
in the better identification
of the lands and this is of course
the first and most important
purpose or object of a survey.

The "Act creating
Public Debt Bonds page 48
Gen Laws Special Session 16th
Legislature - provides simply
that land within the Reservation
which was vacant at the
date it took effect to wit
Oct 7th 1879, should be removed
from location. This Act
had no retroactive effect.
And hence, ^{as} a valid entry
from the moment it was
made, segregated (the land
designated) from the Public
Domain. Said Act could
not legally apply to any
land ~~of~~ which any
Entry has been made.

It will not be questioned
that Entries had been made
on the Certificate in question
long prior to the date said
Act took effect. There are no
rights of these parties asserted in this
case.

Respectfully
Wm H. Pennington
For Genl. & Mrs.

File No. 27c

Old Miscellaneous County
Letter req. Attny. Genl. Opinion

Filed Jan 3 ¹⁸_{19 81}

Jack Land Dist

GARRY MAURO, Com'r

By

[Signature]

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text in cursive script, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

*Recd from city Jan
Jan 3, 1881*